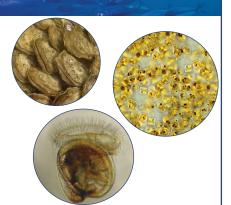
Instant Algae®— Algae When You Need It®

Tet 3600™

Frozen Tetraselmis sp.

For Bivalve Larve past 7 days, Spat, and Broodstock



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

Tet 3600 is a frozen, whole-cell concentrate of Tetraselmis sp.

APPLICATIONS:

Effective for **larvae after day 7**, **setting**, **spat** and **broodstock conditioning**; produces increased growth and survival rates. Common applications:

- Peak Load Supplement
- 100% live algae replacement
- Remote set
- Back-up feed supply

- For use with open tanks, silos, bottle upwellers, header tanks, cultch tanks and depuration tanks
- Effective for many species including artemia, crab, sea cucumber and some copepods

BENEFITS:

- Biosecure
- Exceptionally Clean
- Easy to use

- Always available
- Balanced lipids, protein, and carotenoids
- Effective feed supplement and live algae replacement

APPEARANCE, PACKAGING & STORAGE:

- Viscous green-brown concentrate
- 1-quart bottle
- 2-year shelf life when frozen; use within 8 days of defrosting
- Keep frozen before defrosting, refridgerate after



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TECHNICAL DATA:

Physical Properties

Algal Cell Size	.10-20 microns
Cell Density	.~0.72 Billion cells per ml
Algal Biomass	.180g Dry Biomass/L

Composition of Dry Algal Biomass (Typical)

Protein	
Lipids	14.2%
Carbohydrate	
Ash	12%

Composition of Liquid Product

Protein	> 9.8%
Lipids	> 2.5%
Carbohydrate	> 3.2%
Ash	< 10 %
Moisture	< 81%

Microbial Specifications

Coliform Bacteria	<0.3 mpn/ml
Salmonella	Negative
Known pathogenic marine bacteria	Negative

DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Defrost overnight in a refrigerator.
- 2. When water is circulated with a centrifugal pump, such as with an upweller, add in front of the pump intake and the pump will disperse the algae cells.
- 3. When feeding into open tanks or header tanks, pre-dilute the algae 10:1 with system water
 - a. Add system water to a small bucket.
 - b. Add Tet 3600 and stir.
 - c. DO NOT BLEND; it is unnecessary and may damage the algae cells.
 - d. Pour into larvae or spat tank.
 - e. Pouring through a 20-micron screen can improve dispersion.
- 4. Feed according to the table below. Adjust dosage to meet the needs of your hatchery and larvae.
- 5. Refrigerate bottle when not in use
- 6. Use within 8 days of defrosting

TYPICAL FEEDING RATION Larvae:

Feed according to shell length. Shell length on a given day is an estimate. Larviculture may run up to 20 days.

Daily Feed Rates per million larvae, *Crassostrea virginica* (from FAO Protocol 'Hatchery culture of bivalves 2004')

Shell Length	Day	Shellfish Diet(ml)	=	Live Isochrysis(L) @4x10 ⁶
75	2	N/A	=	N/A
95	3	N/A	=	N/A
100	4	N/A	=	N/A
115	5	N/A	=	N/A
130	6	N/A	=	N/A
145	7	2.2	=	5.1
160	8	2.8	=	6.6
190	9	4.0	=	9.5
220	10	5.2	=	12.4
240	11	6.0	=	14.4
260	12	6.8	=	16.3
270	13	7.3	=	17.3
280	14	7.7	=	18.3

Spat:

Feed by Live Weight

• 0.3ml Tet 3600 per gram live weight of spat per day OR. See website for 'Feed by size' table

Broodstock Conditioning and Fattening:Typical Broodstock Feed Rates

• 0.012–0.024 ml Tet 3600 per gram wet meat weight per day*

OR:

- 0.12-0.48 ml Tet 3600 per adult animal per day (depending on feed ration and size*)
- * Provides between 2% and 4% dry weight feed for dry weight of meat

For details on feeding and batch or automated dispensing, visit: InstantAlgaeShellfish.com

